

Overnight Sun Moon Lake, Puli & Lukang Tour

日月潭、埔里鎮、鹿港二日遊

(Departure every Mon, Tue, Wed & Thu only / 每星期一~四出發)

CODE	TOUR NAME / DURATION / ITINERARY
No.9 2A	Day 1: Pick up from hotel / Enbus for Nantou / Puli (a cultural & artistic heaven) / Sun Moon Lake Tour / Wen Wu Temple / Tehua Village / Tse-En Pagoda / Holy Monk Shrine Hotel: Del Lago, Sun Moon Lake (Mountain view room) or similar
	Day 2: Sun Moon Lake / Lukang historical and Cultural town / Enbus or entrain for Taipei / Transfer to hotel
	第一日: 飯店集合出發 / 乘車前往南投 / 埔里(文化藝術天堂) / 日月潭 / 文武廟 / 德化社 / 慈恩塔 / 玄奘寺 住宿: 大溼閣飯店 - 山景房 或同級 第二日: 日月潭 / 鹿港鎮 / 乘車或火車回台北 / 送回飯店

Lukang Town



Puli



Holy Monk Shrine



Tse-En Pagoda



Sun Moon Lake

Hotel List

日月潭大深閣 Del Lago Hotel, Sun Moon Lake



No. 101 Zhongshan Rd. Yu Chi Shiang, Nantou County 555 南投縣魚池鄉日月潭中山路 101 號
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<http://www.dellago.com.tw/>

Hotel Del Lago proudly offers 88 beautifully appointed rooms and suites featuring the ultimate in relaxation and comfort. All guest rooms made secure, private, and quite. Lakeview guest rooms have wide-angle French window complemented with patio set at balcony, provide an unobstructed 180-degree view of Sun Moon Lake. Sun Moon Lake has been well-known as one of the Eight, island wide, and one of the Ten famous tourist spots all over China due to its beautiful, gifted sceneries with capriciously changing nature wonders. Its attraction not only the bright sunny, but especially the raining days.

Detail Itinerary



【Sun Moon Lake】

The Sun Moon Lake, located in the middle of Taiwan, with an elevation of 748 meters above sea level, is the only natural big lake in Taiwan. The southern part of Lulu Island is shaped like a new moon, and the northern part is shaped like a sun; hence the name Sun Moon Lake.

Scenic resources

The most famous sights around Sun Moon Lake are the Itashao, Lulu Island, the Xuanzang Temple, the Ci-en Pagoda, and the Wenwu Temple and so on. The natural forests bordering these roads are good places for bird watching. There are a lot of birds that live on the mid-elevation, such as the Grey-cheeked Fulvetta, Gray-throated Minivet, Formosan Yuhina, Gray Tree Pie, Bamboo Partridge, Chinese Bulbul, Muller's Barbet, and the Black Bulbul.



Colonies of Black-crowned Night herons and Egretta garzetta, and birds such as the common kingfisher and the Green-winged Teal can be seen at the Dazhuhu water reservation, situated around the water gate. Besides these birds, fish, insects and wild vegetables are flourishing in the region as well. These are all natural resources of the Sun Moon Lake region.



The Shao Clan is the earliest clan that lived in the Sun Moon Lake region. The Harvest Festival, Sowing Festival and their special handicraft fair every year, as well as their articles have helped to preserve the particular culture of the Sun Moon Lake region.



【Wen Wu Temple】

Wenwu Temple is located at the shoulder of mountain where is on the north of Sun Moon Lake. It was built in 1938. People worried the water of Sun Moon Lake might cover Longfeng Temple and Ihuatang of Shuishotsun, they built Wenwu Temple. The Wenwu Temple is 2 (Longfeng Temple and Ihuatang) in 1. It was rebuilt in 1969. Its gate is face to the north. People pray the Civil Saint of Confucius, the Military Saint of Guangong, and the Established God of two temples at the Wenwu Temple. The temple is popular among students.

【Sun Moon Lake Ci-en Pagoda】



Ci-en Pagoda is located on Sha Ba Lan Mountain near Sun Moon Lake. It was built by Chiang Kai-Shek in memory of his mother in 1971. The construction was very difficult because the materials had to be shipped over the lake and moved up the mountain. The Ci-en Pagoda is 46 meters in height and has become the famous landmark of Sun Moon Lake. Surrounding the tower are beautiful plants and trees and there are stone tables and chairs for visitors to take a rest. The Ci-en Pagoda overlooks Lulu Island and Sun Moon Lake.

Ci-en Pagoda is an octagonal building; the 3 stories at the base are painted in white, while the 9 stories of the main body are painted in golden red. Tourists can appreciate the magnificent scenery of Sun Moon Lake from the Ci-en Pagoda. The tourists track as long as 700 meters lead to the Ci-en Pagoda. Alongside the track are beautiful



trees and flowers, which make the track easy and comfortable to walk along.

【Puli】

Puli is at the center of Taiwan. With an elevation between 380~700 meters, Puli is a basin surrounded by rising & falling mountains, hills and farmland. The most famous tourist spots include the Puli Brewery Factory, Guangxing(Guangshing) paper Manufactory, and Chung Tai Chan Monastery; its special products (fine food) are wild rice stems, passion fruit, red sugar canes, rice-noodles, and Shaoxing wine.



【Lukang】

This street is made up of the curved, red-tiled lanes of today's Putou, Yaolin, and Dayou streets. Both sides of the streets are lined with newly renovated old-style shop buildings that feature intensely interesting internal room layouts and old-style exteriors. Here you can feel some of the atmosphere of old Lugang.